London Borough of Barking & Dagenham

Notice of Meeting

THE EXECUTIVE

Wednesday, 25 February 2009 - 8:00 pm (or at the conclusion of the Assembly meeting, whichever is later) Council Chamber, Town Hall, Barking

Members: Councillor C J Fairbrass MBE (Chair); Councillor L A Smith (Deputy Chair); Councillor J L Alexander, Councillor G J Bramley, Councillor S Carroll, Councillor H J Collins, Councillor R C Little, Councillor M A McCarthy, Councillor M E McKenzie and Councillor Mrs V Rush

Date of publication: 18 February 2009 R. A. Whiteman Chief Executive

Contact Officer: Alan Dawson Tel. 020 8227 2348 Fax: 020 8227 2171 Minicom: 020 8227 2685 E-mail: alan.dawson@lbbd.gov.uk

AGENDA

- 1. Apologies for Absence
- 2. Declaration of Members' Interests

In accordance with the Council's Constitution, Members are asked to declare any personal or prejudicial interest they may have in any matter which is to be considered at this meeting.

- 3. Provision of Wheelie Bins for Household Waste Pilot Outcomes and Borough Roll-Out (Pages 1 15)
- 4. Any other business which the Chair decides is urgent



THE EXECUTIVE

25 FEBRUARY 2009

REPORT OF THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR OF RESOURCES

Title: Provision of Wheelie Bins for Household Waste - Pilot Outcomes and Borough Roll-Out For Decision

Summary

At the Executive on 20 January 2009 the Executive considered the attached report (Appendix A) and supported the proposal to roll-out the project Borough-wide following the successful pilots in five areas across the Borough. The related minute of that meeting is attached (Appendix B)

The decision was called-in and the outcome of the Scrutiny Management Board's consideration of the call-in was reported to the Executive on 17 February. As a result of this a presentation on the outcome of the wheelie bins pilot and the opportunity to ask questions is taking place for all councillors in a private session before the Assembly meeting on 25 February. This special meeting of the Executive was agreed at the meeting on the 17th in order to minimise any delay to making a final decision on the matter.

Wards Affected: All wards

Recommendation

The Executive is asked to reconsider the recommendations in the original report to the 20 January meeting (at Appendix A) in the light of any issues arising from the pre-Assembly session.

Reason(s)

In response to the call-in by Scrutiny Management Board.

Contact Officer:

Alan Dawson

Team Manager (Leader

& Executive).

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Consultees:

The following were consulted in the preparation of this report:

Nina Clark, Divisional Director of Legal and Democratic Services

Background papers used in the preparation of this report:

Report to, and minutes of, Executive, 20 January 2009 Report to, and minutes of, SMB, 9 February 2009

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THE EXECUTIVE

20 JANUARY 2009

REPORT OF THE CORPORATE DIRECTOR OF CUSTOMER SERVICES

Title: Provision of Wheelie Bins for Household Waste – Pilot Outcomes and Borough Roll-Out	For Decision

Summary:

In March 2006, Members adopted the Barking and Dagenham Waste Strategy which sets out three simple objectives to:

- 1. Have the cleanest streets in London;
- 2. Achieve the greatest waste reduction, and highest recycling and composting rates in London; and
- 3. Deliver effective, efficient and customer-focused services that demonstrate value for money.

The strategy required a reassessment of the refuse collection method with three key considerations:

- (a) Reducing the volume of waste collected;
- (b) Increasing recycling and composting; and
- (c) Keeping rubbish off the street and giving customers an excellent service.

The East London Waste Authority has also considered the actions that will be needed in order to achieve the expected national targets for recycling, diversion from landfill and residual waste minimisation. ELWA has agreed that the four constituent boroughs must consider introducing waste minimisation measures, that could include constraints on the amount of residual waste collected. Additionally they have asked the Boroughs to cease the co-mingled collection of dry recyclables and residual waste from the doorstep by 2014, to be replaced with the separate collections of recyclates and a system of quality control to reduce contamination of the recyclable material collected. The roll out of the new system borough-wide would achieve these objectives for Barking and Dagenham.

At the meeting on 4 March 2008 (Minute 130), the Executive agreed to pilot for six months a new way of collecting household waste. This report presents the outcomes of these 'wheelie bin' pilots that have taken place in five areas across the borough.

The pilots have been designed to test the effectiveness of a new way of collecting our residents' waste, this being:

- A weekly collection of residual waste from a 140 litre Wheelie bin
- A weekly collection of mixed dry recyclables in Orange bags, placed beside the bin
- A fortnightly collection of green garden waste from a 140 litre Wheelie bin
- A fortnightly collection of mixed glass bottles from a 40 litre Plastic box.

The outcomes of the wheelie bin pilot scheme are as follows:

- 1. The amount of residual waste collected has reduced by 15%.
- 2. Orange bag recycling and composting has more than doubled in the pilot areas.
- 3. Street cleanliness has improved to 94% of streets graded as good or excellent.
- 4. 91% of residents surveyed stated they are in favour of wheelie bins.

Table 1

Ward	% in favour (May survey)	% in favour (End of pilot survey)
Longbridge	54	80
Mayesbrook & Alibon	69	96
River	69	95
Chadwell Heath	73	92
Eastbrook	61	93

A firm base line of resident opinion has been established through detailed consultation, and the indications are that the pilot has achieved the improvements in waste reduction, increased recycling and composting and clean streets we had expected.

If Members choose to roll out wheelie bins to all households in the borough the distribution of wheelie bins would occur in five phases to follow the days of the week. This process would begin in May with the final phase complete in September 2009.

Wards Affected: All

Recommendation(s)

The Executive is recommended to:

- (i) Consider the outcomes of the wheelie bin pilots and agree to the adoption of the system throughout the borough.
- (ii) That implementation of the borough-wide scheme is subject to capital and revenue resources being approved as part of the Councils 2009/10 budget process.

Reason(s)

To assist the Council in achieving its Community Priorities of 'Making Barking and Dagenham Cleaner, Greener and Safer' and 'Raising General Pride in the Borough'.

Implications:

Financial:

Rolling out the system borough-wide will require additional capital investment of £2,110,000 with an additional on-going net revenue investment of £375,000 due to borrowing costs, increased vehicle and staff costs offset by savings in the non-supply of black bags and efficiencies within the service.

The capital programme currently has no provision for this scheme. The additional sum of £2.11m is subject to consideration and approval by Members as part of the capital programme review for 2009/10.

There is currently no provision for the additional net revenue costs of the scheme of £375,000 and this sum is again subject to consideration and approval by Members as

part of the 2009/10 budget process.

The scheme includes the separate sorting of orange bags and residual waste at the kerbside. This has additional revenue implications. Currently Shanks East London will incur expenditure to carry out this function and they have indicated they will pass on any savings they accrue. ELWA has requested Shanks to give a firm indication of this amount.

Overall the scheme has achieved the expected reduction in waste collected. This will result in a reduction in the amount of money we will be charged for waste disposal and the table in section 3 of the report expresses the estimated waste disposal cost of continuing with the current bag based system and compares that to the expected cost by using the proposed wheelie bin system borough-wide.

Legal:

Under the Environmental Protection Act (1990) the Council may denote the method residents must use to present their waste for collection.

Comments of the Legal Partner

Should Members be minded to approve the recommendation in this report, officers will seek further Members' approval of the method of procuring the wheelie bins to be used by residents.

Risk Management:

The scheme has required the management of a significant change in community behaviour to achieve the full benefit of the scheme. An extensive and detailed communication and awareness raising programme accompanied by a firm but fair enforcement approach has significantly mitigated the risk of residents not understanding or wanting to participate in the scheme or deciding to illegally dispose of their waste.

Social Inclusion and Diversity:

The initial equalities impact assessment highlighted the following issues:-

Wheelie bins potentially present problems for our residents with mobility issues. The publicity surrounding the scheme highlighted the Council's assisted collection scheme that adapts the collection to meet the needs of the residents. 160 assisted collections have been granted to date and have helped to alleviate some of the concerns elderly and disabled residents expressed before the scheme was implemented.

In order to cater to the needs of larger families who are more likely to put out larger quantities of waste, extra bin capacity has been offered to these families on request. To date, 298 families have been given an extra or larger bin for non-recyclable waste.

In some areas of the borough, wheelie bins are not suitable as residents do not have the room to store the bins effectively. Waste Education Officers carried out reassessments of most properties (when appropriate) where residents stated they do not have space for wheelie bins and/or they have access issues. 107 properties were exempted from the scheme on the grounds of the factors mentioned.

Crime and Disorder:

The neat storage of refuse awaiting collection would improve environmental aspects, and so increase perception of an environmentally safe area. There is direct correlation

between safety and good environmental management.

Options Appraisal:

This is described in detail in the Waste Strategy agreed by Members during March 2006

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1. Introduction

1.1. By Minute 130 (4 March 2008), the Executive agreed to pilot a new way of collecting household waste. This report presents the six month findings of residents' consultation and the operations of these 'wheelie bin' pilots, taking place in 5 areas across the borough.

1.2. The five areas are:

Leftley Estate Barking	1892 homes
Waterbeach Road Area	1913 homes
(Mayesbrook and Alibon Wards)	
Marks Gate Estate	1274 homes
Rush Green	1752 homes
Rylands Estate	1675 homes
	Waterbeach Road Area (Mayesbrook and Alibon Wards) Marks Gate Estate Rush Green

- 1.3. The pilots have been designed to test the effectiveness of a new way of collecting our residents waste, this being:
 - A weekly collection of residual waste from a 140 litre Wheelie bin
 - A weekly collection of mixed dry recyclables in Orange bags, placed beside the bin
 - A fortnightly collection of green garden waste from a 140 litre Wheelie bin
 - A fortnightly collection of mixed glass from a 40 litre Plastic box.
- 1.4. In order to test the effect of this new way of working we set the following outcome indicators.
 - Reducing the volume of waste collected;
 - Increasing recycling and composting; and
 - Keeping rubbish off the street and giving customers an excellent service.

2. Results From The Pilot Scheme

The success of the pilot scheme should be determined by considering the following performance indicators:

2.1. Outcome Indicator 1 - Reducing the volume of waste collected

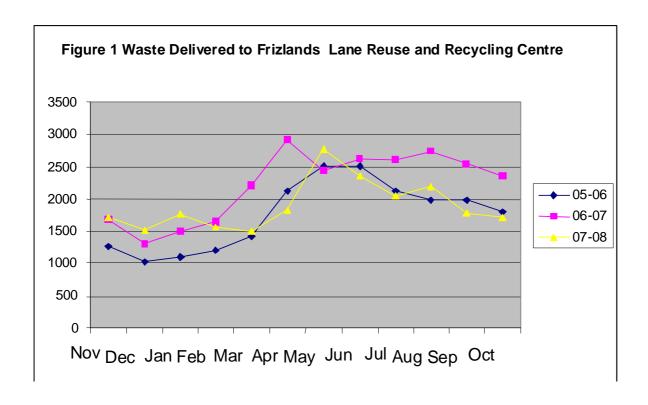
2.1.1. The pilot has assessed the amount of waste produced by our residents within the pilot areas before and after the introduction of wheelie bins. Table 1 below describes the results from the five areas for the average combined tonnages of co-

- collected waste (orange and black bag) collected each month. 'Pre' and 'post' refer to before and after wheelie bin collections began. The average waste reduction is 15%.
- 2.1.2. If table 1 is studied it is also evident that the reduction in waste has been sustained over the pilot period. This provides reassurance that this system has produced a sustainable reduction in waste, which is very likely to be replicated elsewhere in the borough.
- 2.1.3. An independent review of these findings by the Waste and Recycling Action Programme (WRAP) concluded "the pilot scheme has reduced the waste arising from each property by 19% which exceeds the figure of 15% predicted in the Director's report of 4 March 2008 based on the study sample which was taken between October 7th – November 7th."

Table 1 Domestic Waste Collected from properties in Pilot Areas.

	BASELINE		WHEELIE BIN TRIAL PERIOD						
		July	August	September	October	November	Decrease		
Combined Weight in									
kg	143,347	121,755	120,798	122,369	122,597	121,967	15%		

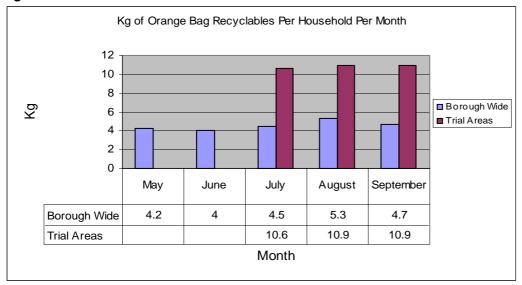
2.1.4. Our risk assessment suggested that there was a high possibility that residual waste uncollected in the pilot areas would be taken to the civic amenity sites by residents and therefore negatively impact on the amount of waste reduced. However, Figure 1 shows that the amount of waste taken to civic amenity sites since the pilot scheme began has not increased.



2.2. Outcome Indicator 2 - Increasing Recycling and Composting Rates

2.2.1. Figure 2 below illustrates orange bag recycling performance borough wide and performance within the trial areas. This figure illustrates that the recycling rate has more than doubled in the trial areas. (Figures include 40% contamination losses).

Figure 2



2.2.2. In order to monitor any improvements in resident orange bag participation rates, ELWA commissioned Waste Watch to carry out pre and post wheelie bin collection participation monitoring. Table 2 below shows that on average participation in the orange bag recycling service increased by 5.2%. In the post wheelie bin collection participation monitoring, 90.8% of residents were found to be participating.

Table 2

Round	Area	%	Sample size	Type of measure	% Difference to Pre- Monitoring
Monday	Leftley Estate	92.8	938	orange bags	+5.0%
Tuesday	Mayesbrook	89.6	967	orange bags	+6.7%
Wednesday	Chadwell Heath	90.0	674	orange bags	+5.9%
Thursday	Rush Green	93.2	896	orange bags	+4.6%
Friday	River	86.3	621	orange bags	+2.6%

2.2.3. Table 3 shows what the recycling and composting performance (NI 192) would be if the trial area model was applied borough wide. The projected performance data was applied using the ELWA spreadsheet modelling in working out ELWA boroughs recycling figures.

Projected Recycling Performance:

Table 3

Month	Recycling and Composting Rate outside pilot areas (NI192)	Recycling and composting Rate in pilot areas (NI192)	Improvement			
July 2008	24.25%	30.96%	6.71%			
August 2008	22.62%	28.83%	6.21%			
September	25.11%	31.42%	6.31%			
2008						
October 2008	21.33%	30.98%	9.65%			
November 2008	Awaiting Data from ELWA					
Average	23.33%	30.55%	7.22%			

2.3. Outcome Indicator 3 – Keeping rubbish off the Streets

2.3.1. Improvements in Street Cleanliness

2.3.2. On-street litter surveys are showing a significant improvement in street cleansing. Prior to implementation an average of 75.8% of streets had either good or excellent cleanliness. Surveys in August and November have all shown that within the pilot areas this has improved to 94% of streets being graded as good or excellent cleanliness.

2.4. Outcome indicator 4 - Giving Customers an Excellent Service.

2.4.1. Consultation Results

2.4.2. Excellent customer service is the underlying driver of the scheme. For recycling and composting schemes to work, customers must understand the scheme and be motivated to use it. The pilot has established a firm baseline of residents' views before the scheme was implemented and then again towards the end of the pilot to gauge residents feelings having used the bins for around five months.

2.4.3. Baseline Doorstep Consultation Results (Waste Watch):

- In April 2008 (7th 19th), 1,612 residents in Rush Green (Eastbrook) and on the Leftley Estate (Longbridge) were interviewed at the doorstep. 928 of these residents (57.9%) stated they were in favour of the wheeled bin scheme (54% of residents on the Leftley Estate and 61% in Rush Green).
- In June 2008 (2nd 21st) a further 1,951 residents were contacted on the Rylands Estate and Waterbeach Road. 1,344 (68.9%) stated they are in favour of wheelie bins.
- In July 2008 (7th 22nd), a further 1215 residents contacted in Marks Gate.
 72.9% stated they were in favour of the wheeled bin scheme.

2.4.4. Post Wheelie Bin Collection Consultation Results:

Doorstep Consultation Phase 4 (Hyder Consulting):

 Between October 14th and November 22nd 2008, 4,954 residents were interviewed throughout the pilot areas which amounted to a total contact rate of 58%.

Table 4 shows the survey results split into pilot areas.

Table 4

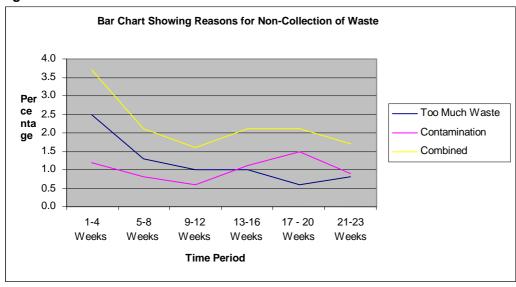
	All a		Longbridge %		Mayesbrook and Albion %		River		Chadwell Heath %		Eastbrook	
	Yes	No	Yes			Yes No Yes		No				
1. Are you in favour of the wheeled bin scheme?	91	9	80	20	96	4	95	5	92	8	93	7
2. Do you feel you have had enough support from the council to adjust to the wheeled bin scheme?	90	10	82	18	95	5	92	8	88	12	92	8
3. Would you like to talk to a waste education officer about the problems you feel are yet to be addressed?	8	92	12	88	1	99	6	94	4	96	4	96
4. Do you think the wheeled bin scheme could be improved?	33	67	39	61	29	71	33	67	36	64	30	70
5. Do you think the introduction of the wheeled bin has helped you to recycle more?	64	36	59	41	70	30	68	32	64	36	59	41
6. Do you think the wheeled bin scheme has helped to make the streets cleaner?	83	17	73	27	89	11	87	13	82	18	83	17

2.4.5. The percentage of residents in favour of the wheeled bin scheme increased in all pilot areas in the post wheelie bin collection surveys.

2.5. Can Residents Understand and Use the New System?

- 2.5.1. Residents in the pilot areas have been asked to recycle and compost their waste quite differently from before. Also because of the limit set on the amount of waste that can be disposed and the smaller size of the majority of bins, we are monitoring closely how many residents are not recycling in the way we would like or presenting extra bags of waste. Normally in a situation like this we would expect around a third of residents to be unsure about what to do with their waste, but this figure is below 2%. This shows the remarkable good will we have with our residents and the will they have to do the right thing and recycle. Figure 3 illustrates the excellent performance we have seen from our residents. The graph shows that cases of contamination are now more frequent than cases of 'too much waste' although they remain at a manageable level.
- 2.5.2. Some detailed operational issues remain that will further enhance the new system that officers will discuss fully with the Lead Member before final implementation.

Figure 3



3. Financial Implications

- 3.1 Rolling out the system borough-wide will require additional capital investment of £2,110,000 with associated borrowing costs and an additional annual net revenue investment of £375,000.
- 3.2 This estimate of the fleet and staffing implications of the new system have been assessed with independent support from the Government's Waste and Recycling Action Programme(WRAP). The methodology used follows industry best practice and uses detailed activity based costing analysis to identify the most efficient and effective method of working.
- 3.3 The scheme includes the separate sorting of orange bags and residual waste at the kerbside. This has additional revenue implications. Currently Shanks East London will incur expenditure to carry out this function and they have indicated they will pass on any savings when they accrue. ELWA has requested Shanks to give a firm indication of this amount.

3.4 Capital Costs

Description	No of Properties	Quantity	Price per unit (£)	Total amount (£)
Wheelie waste bin	50,000	50,000	18.90	945,000
Green waste bins	41,000	41,000	18.90	774,900
Purchase of vehicles		3	130,000	390,000
Total				2,109,900

3.5 Revenue Costs

ROLL OUT BOROUGH WIDE	2009/10 £
Borrowing costs	185,000
Additional staff costs	320,000
Maintenance of additional	50,000
vehicles and replacement bins	
Gross revenue cost	555,000
Less Savings	
Non-supply of black bags	(120,000)
General efficiencies in	(60,000)
Environmental and Enforcement	
service	
Total savings	(180,000)
Net additional annual revenue	375,000
costs	

- 3.6 Rolling out the system borough-wide will require additional capital investment of £2,110,000 with an additional on-going net revenue investment of £375,000 due to borrowing costs, increased vehicle and staff costs offset by savings in the non-supply of black bags and efficiencies within the service.
- 3.7 The capital programme currently has no provision for this scheme. The additional sum of £2.11m is subject to consideration and approval by Members as part of the capital programme review for 2009/10.
- 3.8 There is currently no provision for the additional net revenue costs of the scheme of £375,000 and this sum is again subject to consideration and approval by Members as part of the 2009/10 budget process.
- 3.9 Overall the scheme has achieved the expected reduction in waste collected. This will result in a reduction in the amount of money we will be charged for waste disposal. The table below expresses the estimated waste disposal cost of continuing with the current bag based system and compares that to the expected cost by using the proposed wheelie bin system borough-wide. The rate per tonne of waste disposal is due to increase by between 7% and 10% per year due to increases in operational costs and the increasing impact of landfill tax. Note that there is a one-year lag in the calculation of the levy, so any waste reduction in 2009/10 will not have effect until 2010/11.

	2008/09 Baseline Year	2009/10	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Current Bag system/£ (assumed 1% growth in waste per annum)	6,704,000	7,173,280	7,732,322	8,554,763	9,480,373	10,506,329	11,643,530
Proposed system/£	6,704,000	7,173,280	7,111,987	7,820,397	8,613,562	9,487,278	10,449,737
Net saving /£	0	0	620,335	734,365	866,811	1,019,051	1,193,792

Levy increase per annum estimated from 2008 ELWA budget strategy Saving is based on opportunity cost per ton which is approximately 2/3rds full levy cost per ton Saving based on estimated reduction of 8250 tons per year

3.10 Finally, there will be a saving of around £250k p.a. to each ELWA borough once cocollection of waste has ceased. It is possible that ELWA will provide funding to help boroughs move to this position as soon as possible. This payment would have the effect of increasing the net saving by £250k per annum in the table above. A decision on this is expected before March 2009.

4 Staffing implications

4.1 There will be a small increase in staffing due to the additional collections needed for the new system to implement green waste collections borough wide and collect residual waste and orange bags separately.

5. Consultation

5.1 The following were consulted in the preparation of this report:

Councillors

Councillor Milton McKenzie, Executive Member for Street Scene and Sustainability

Officers

Joe Chesterton, Divisional Director Corporate Finance Tony McNamara, Interim group Manager Customer Services Finance Environmental and Enforcement Management Team Yinka Owa, Legal Partner David Robins, Group Manager, Procurement and Efficiency

Partners

Tony Jarvis, Executive Director, East London Waste Authority

Background Papers

LBBD Municipal Waste Strategy 2006

Waste Strategy for England 2007 – Executive Summary

WRAP Work Study Report

Waste Watch LBBD Doorstepping Report Phase 1

Waste Watch LBBD Doorstepping Report Phase 2

Waste Watch LBBD Doorstepping Report Phase 3

Hyder Consulting – LB Barking and Dagenham Attitudinal Survey Report

ELWA – Waste Management Report – 29 September 2008

Waste Watch Participation Monitoring Pre Pilot Report

Waste Watch Participation Monitoring Post Pilot Report

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Executive 20 January 2009 (Minute 116)

116. Provision of Wheelie Bins for Household Waste - Pilot Outcomes and Borough Roll-Out

Received a report from the Corporate Director of Customer Services outlining the results of the wheelie bin pilots that have taken place in five areas across the borough and proposals to roll-out the system across the Borough.

Agreed, in order to assist the Council to achieve its Community Priorities of "Making Barking and Dagenham Cleaner, Greener and Safer" and "Raising General Pride in the Borough"

- (i) to the adoption of the system throughout the Borough and
- (ii) that implementation of the borough-wide scheme is subject to capital and revenue resources being approved as part of the Council's 2009/10 budget process.

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